

Fillmore State Convention.

NOTICE TO COMMITEE ON EXCELSIOR.
Hon. G. That this Convention, having assembled with reference to the election of President and Vice-President of the United States, deem it expedient, at this time, neither to make or recommend any organization with reference to Congressional or State elections, having confidence that those who co-operate with us, will so vote as to promote the welfare of the State and of the Union.

Resolved. That we will support MILLARD FILLMORE, during his Presidential term, upon such national principles; so to furnish him with a strong base in the country that, if again elected, he will give countenance to no movement of any party, from any quarter, that shall not tend to the welfare and prosperity of the whole Union.

Resolved. That we are unwilling to engage in any mere sectional contest for the Presidency and Vice-Presidency, because, in our opinion, such contests are calculated to weaken the bonds of the Union—alleviate sectional feelings, and sow those seeds of discord which may, in the end, endanger its integrity and existence.

Resolved. That, as contradistinguished from a sectional, we desire to see an American Administration conducted by a President whose patriotism is broad enough to embrace all the great interests of the whole country, without regard to geographical lines—such an one as that of MILLARD FILLMORE, which elicited the unanimous approbation of all men of all parties.

Resolved. That, as an object of our present Administration has been to vindicate both its foreign and domestic policy, and more especially, by giving countenance to the repeal of the "Missouri Compromise," and the re-aggregation of the question of slavery, as to the just apprehension of the consequences of power in the hands of its supporters, will prove dangerous to the country and the Union, we therefore, pledge ourselves to use all honorable means to prevent the success of its principles and of those who design to carry them out.

Resolved. That we do not expect to form a Fillmore and Donelson electoral ticket for this State, and that the following gentlemen be Electors for the State at large: George G. Davis, of Lawrence, Hon. Andrew W. Donelson, of Nashville.

Resolved. That the delegates present from the several Constitutional Divisions select delegates for their respective districts, and report them to the Convention.

Resolved. That a committee be appointed by the Chair, whose duty it shall be to superintend the general business of the Fillmore and Donelson party in this State, and that they have power to fill any vacancy that may occur in the ticket.

Resolved. That a committee of five be appointed by the Chair, to prepare an address to the people of the State.

The following is what Mr. Mason, of the Vincennes Gazette, thinks of some portion of the proceedings of the recent American State Convention. It will be readily seen, that the Gazette will be found acting with that party, who will go for the People's ticket, and who deserve the defeat of James Buchanan.

Mr. Crosby of Terre Haute, moved the adoption of the resolutions, and made a call for the previous question. This course was sustained by the Chair, and the resolutions, as a whole, passed through without a word of discussion, except a portion of the convention voted against them. Under the motion for the previous question, the resolutions were carried.

The nominations for State officers in May last, of Fred as a substitute for the first resolution, was ruled out. After the rule had been enforced, and the resolutions adopted, Mr. Hudson, of Vigo, offered the resolution as a state and independent. But a hailing of Willard Wright, moved to lay aside the nomination, and voted to refer the same to a committee to permit those present who voted with the People's Convention in May last, to explain their positions they sustained toward that ticket.

This arduous course was received with indignation by a large number of the meeting. The resolution was laid on the table, and left by the courtesy of the Chair. Mr. Hudson, after no time was let him, was graciously permitted to make a few remarks.

He said he was in favor of free speech and free thought, and he had supposed the American party of Indiana could never descend to such an arbitrary course as had been pursued towards him, and who they held the same position himself towards the People's ticket. He had been a member of the convention of the 1st of May, and was pledged to support the People's ticket, and to do all in his power to sustain his pledges, and go off after an idea that had been sprung upon the convention by the direct enemies of the American organization. He had seen the very men who controlled the action of the convention with a reference to the adoption of the resolutions, in collusion with Willard that very morning, he had done nothing but the adoption of the object of the convention. I leave it to the American party, if possible, between Willard and Morton. With such an attempt he would have nothing to do, and concluded by announcing his resolution not to be bound by the action of the convention. Mr. French, of the Jeffersonville Republican, sustained the course of Mr. Hudson, in some forcible remarks. We often take the same opinion of the doings of the convention as the members of the convention did, expressed by Mr. Johnson, and shall take an opportunity of giving reasons for the faith that is in us.

From Boston.

Boston, July 10.—The Bee of this morning contains Governor Gardner's reply to the late communication of Governor Winston, of Alabama, concerning the Kansas rescue of the negroes. Governor Gardner comments in seven terms upon the actions and assertions of the Executive of Alabama, and concludes by informing him that notwithstanding his expressed wishes for no further intercourse with Massachusetts, he (Governor Gardner) will continue to send reports to the State of Alabama, where directed to do by the legislature, so long as he fills the Executive chair.

From Washington.

Washington, Sunday, July 13.—During the progress of the trial of Mr. Hersey, this morning, Hon. P. S. Brooks, of South Carolina, came into Court and paid his fine of \$100 and \$50 costs.

The report of the majority and minority of the Kansas investigating commission makes nearly one thousand two hundred octavo pages. It is the design to call up the Kansas commissioners to the State of Alabama, where directed to do by the legislature, so long as he fills the Executive chair.

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From the New Albany Tribune.
**The New-Barre Locanda Love for
Know Nothingism.**

We had thought of writing an article in regard to the deep respect and interest manifested of late by the old liners, for the members of the American party, when we noticed an article in the Vincennes Gazette, expressing similar views to those we had intended to present. The Gazette very truly says, that two months ago, the Black Democracy, from one end of the Union to the other, was heated to the hottest of seven fiery furnaces, with indignation at the Know Nothings. The bitterness of all their bitter gall was lavished upon the devoted order with a profusion that has rarely been equaled, and never excelled in the history of party politics. Venom, malignity, and spleen, were intensified to the utmost degree. That order was stigmatized as "damnable," "traitorous," as "a band of midnight assassins," "murderers," a "proscriptive, oath-bound, hell-deserving crew," as an "alliance between the church, and state, and the devil," with many other opprobrious epithets, too vulgar and coarse for print. These were made use of by the black Democracy, only a few weeks ago. But alas! for the vicissitudes of their fortunes, a change has come over the spirit of their dreams, and they are now taking back all this as fast as possible, and coming over to the Know Nothing platform; and too, a little faster than decency will allow! They have discovered very recently that it was a marvelously "proper and patriotic association," that "Mr. FILLMORE is a tried, able, and reliable statesman."

The New Albany Standard, the State Sentinel, and kindred prints, have assumed a remarkably affectionate tone towards the order. Indeed, they seem to have taken it, *ad se*, under their own immediate care. It is also stated that Jim Hughes, the Black Democ candidate for Congress in the Third District, in his speeches, speaks tenderly with the Know Nothing. "We do not hardly know how to explain this remarkable change of front; unless the union of the bogus Democrats with the South Americans upon the vote of the section of the country, and the resignation of the question of slavery, as to the just apprehension of the consequences of power in the hands of its supporters, will prove dangerous to the country and the Union, we ourselves, pledge ourselves to use all honorable means to prevent the success of its principles and of those who design to carry them out."

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DR. BURGE,

UNIVERSALLY known for his success in the treatment of diseases, and especially in the cure of Consumption, with a skill and tact unequalled, in his profession, in the State. His practice is now established, and he is in full demand, throughout the State, and is highly recommended by his patients.

CONSUMPTION CURED.—Dr. BURGE, of Terre Haute, Indiana, April 18, 1856.—Dr. BURGE, a man greatly used, and who has been ill for a long time, and given up as incurable, has been restored to health, and is now in full strength, and continues to improve daily, and I commend your treatment, which has perfectly cured me, and I am now in full strength.

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